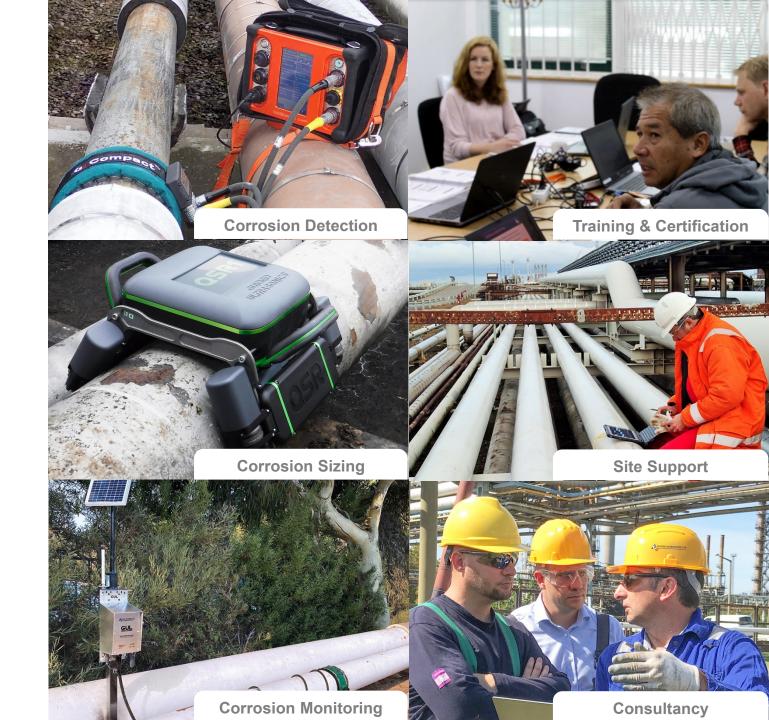


Introduction to pipe corrosion detection using GUL guided wave technology





We provide solutions to pipe corrosion detection, sizing and monitoring using guided wave technology.



Our Product Lines



Sizing corrosion accurately at pipe supports

Rapid detection of corrosion and erosion in pipes and rail.

Detection and monitoring of corrosion and erosion in pipes

Detection and monitoring of corrosion and erosion in subsea pipes

GUIDED ULTRASONICS LTD. TIMELINE

Result of first attempt without a full understanding of guided waves.

Source: Bartle, P. M. (1987). "Acoustic pulsing monitoring: principles operational requirements and potential," The Welding Institute, Abington, Cambridge



Transducer ring, early site test (circa 1994)

Dolphin Lab System developed.



Method and Transduction patented by Imperial College Allevne & Cawley).



Disperse software released (Lowe & Pavlakovic).



WavePro™ software developed based on site experience and customer feedback.

Guided Ultrasonics Ltd. is formed in 1999. Malcolm Russell is elected first chairman



Rail inspection development started.

SE16 System launched.



30+

years of R&D and field experience.

1986

1992

1994

1996

High Temperature rings released.

Can be used on pipes at 350°C.

1998

Claw transducer for boiler

tube inspection released.

1999

2000

2005

2020



2004



First sub-sea inspection



Tube inspection tool developed and released.

Modular range of sub-sea rings first used.

2011

2014

Patented absolute

calibration routine

introduced (GUL).

2010

2008

aPIMS® Corrosion Monitoring sensors.

Starts the revolution.

2007

2018

Wavemaker® G3 launched. Set the standard for Guided Wave Unrolled Pipe Display and Testing for almost a decade. focusing released in WavePro™.

2022

Wavemaker® G4 launched. Introduces new advances in Guided Wave Testing.

> High Definition rings released. Improved performance for small defects.



Compact® rings launched. Lightweight, fast, efficient, and reliable.

2016



Patented Quantitative Short Range (QSR)

2017



QSR1® launched. Ground-breaking technology.



qPIMS® FCU launched Autonomous Monitoring

From Sensor to Desktop.



Launch of the QSR® Axial Scanner. Opening up more possibilities.



2012

Wavemaker ® G4mini launched. Lightweight and powerful.

5,500+ systems | 250+ customers | 50+ countries







Our HQ & Regional offices







GUL (HQ)

Unit 3, Brentwaters Business Park, Brentford, TW8 8HQ, United Kingdom.

GUL SE Asia

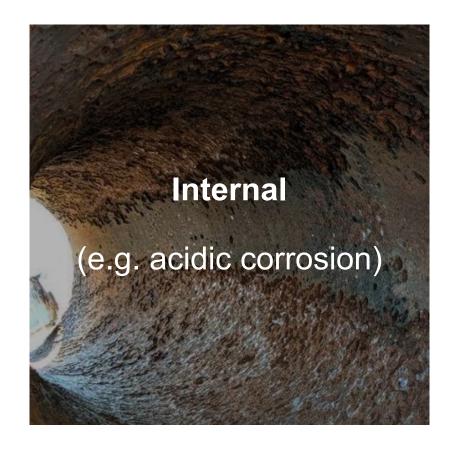
27-3, Jalan Medan Setia 1, Bukit Damansara, 50490, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

GUL Americas

1416 N Sam Houston Pkwy E, Houston, TX 77032 United States of America.

Industrial Challenge

Corrosion & erosion creates defects that threatens the structural integrity of pipes.





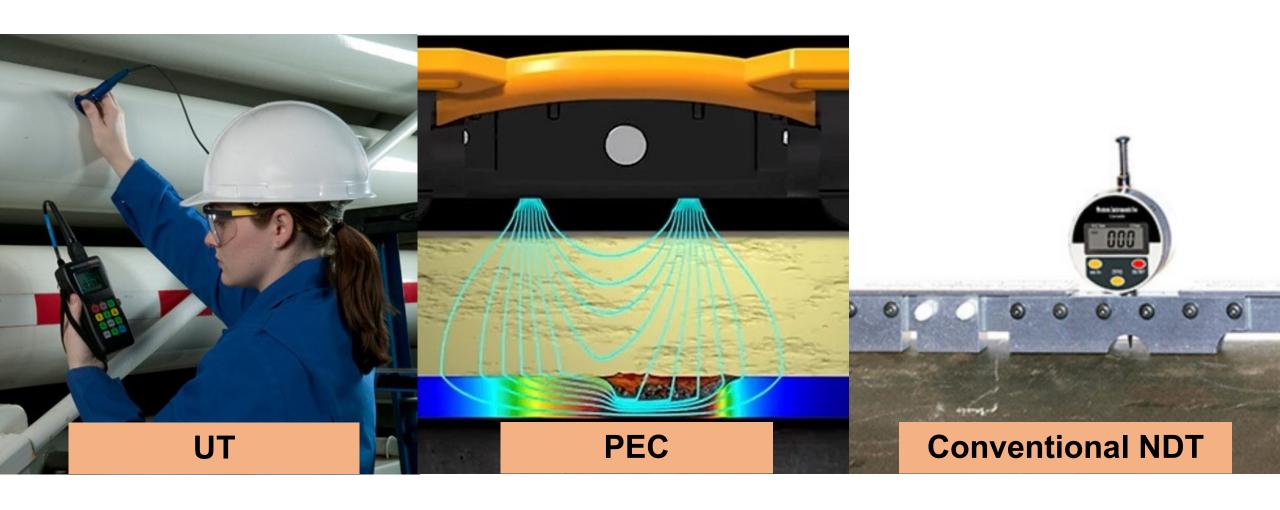
Pipe Inspection

Globally, there are millions of kilometers of steel pipes, and they are typically susceptible to corrosion & erosion.



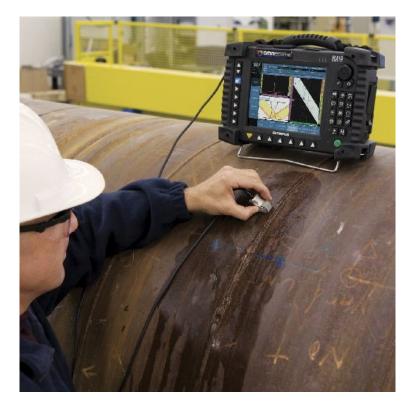
Corrosion Sizing Tools

UT, PEC and other NDT tools are good for sizing defects

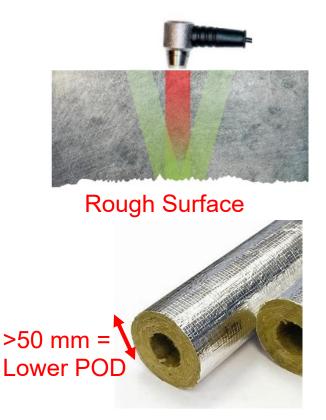


Low inspection coverage and POD

However, pipe inspection using only UT is challenging because:







Low POD due to low inspection coverage.

UT requires direct access to the inspected location.

False calls can happen due to site conditions

GUL Screening

GULSCREENING

Rapid | Accurate | Reliable

Fastest and most reliable method for pipe corrosion detection



Equipment Required







Compact®
Transducer Ring

Wavemaker G4mini PC Laptop +
WavePro Software

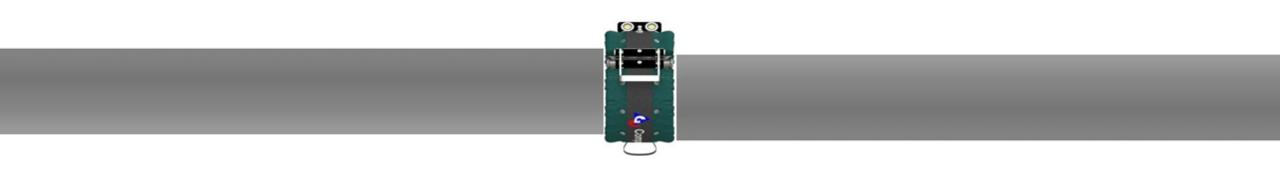
How long does Screening take?

Installing the transducer ring and full data collection as fast as 10 minutes.



Assuming an NPS 8 pipe, 2 minutes to attach & inflate the transducer ring and perform coupling checks, and 5 minutes for notes input and data collection using the default settings.

GW travels in both directions along the pipe at the same time.

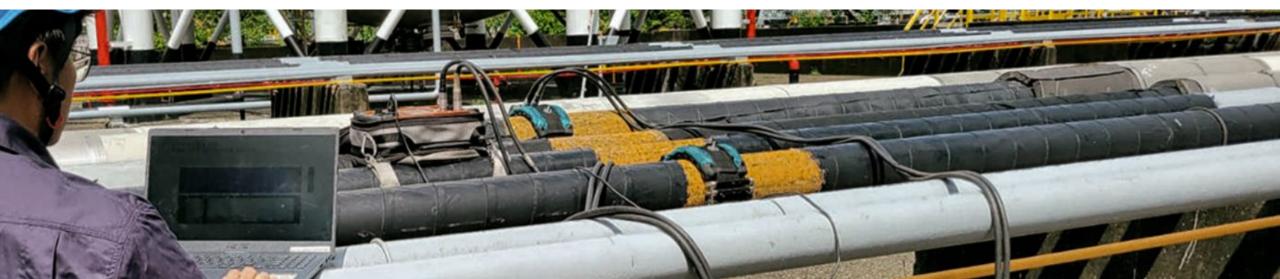




GW will reflect from defects and existing pipe features

Reflected waves are measured by the transducer ring.



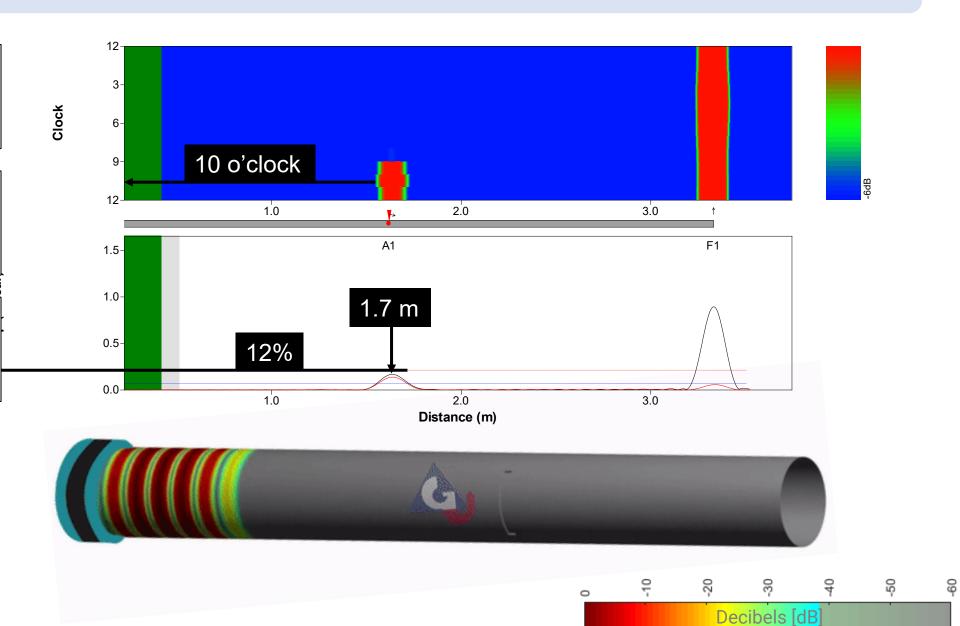


Three main results from GWT

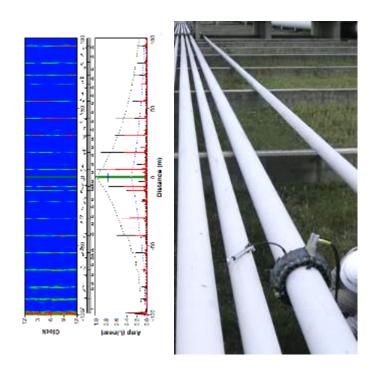
Axial distance

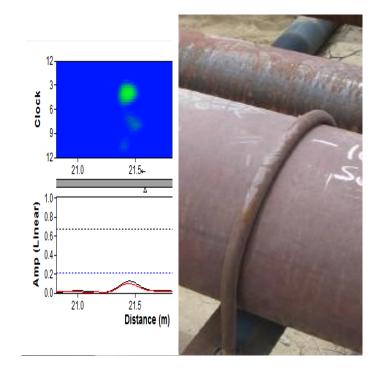
Circumferential position

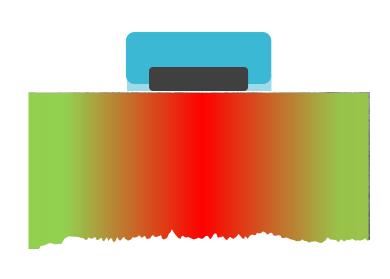
Cross-sectional area change (CSC)



Advantage of GUL Screening







High POD with high inspection coverage.

Inspect inaccessible locations

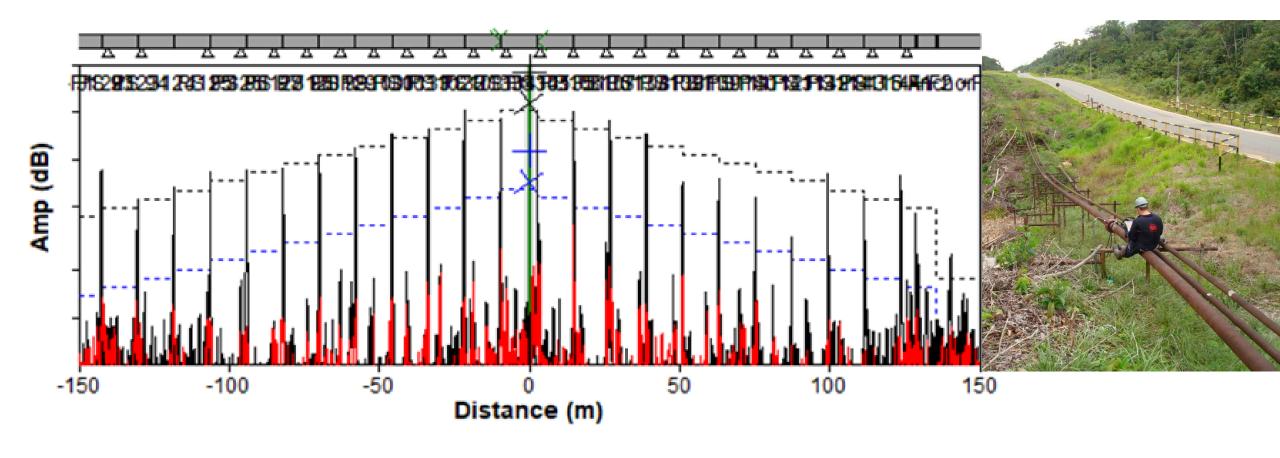
Reduced false calls;
low sensitivity to rough surfaces

Limitations of GWT

- > Does not measure wall loss directly
- ➤ Relatively low sensitivity to axial cracks
- >Attenuation (e.g. coatings, soil) can reduce range
- ➤ Bends and large fittings can limit test range

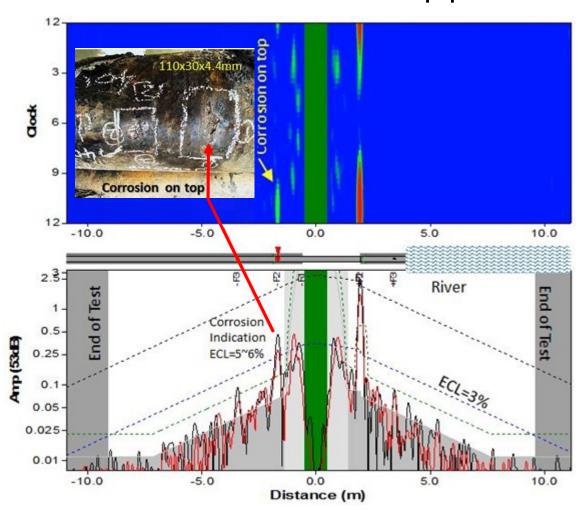
Example #1: Above Ground Transport Pipeline

A total of 300 meters of pipe was inspected from a single test location.



Example #2: Buried Pipes

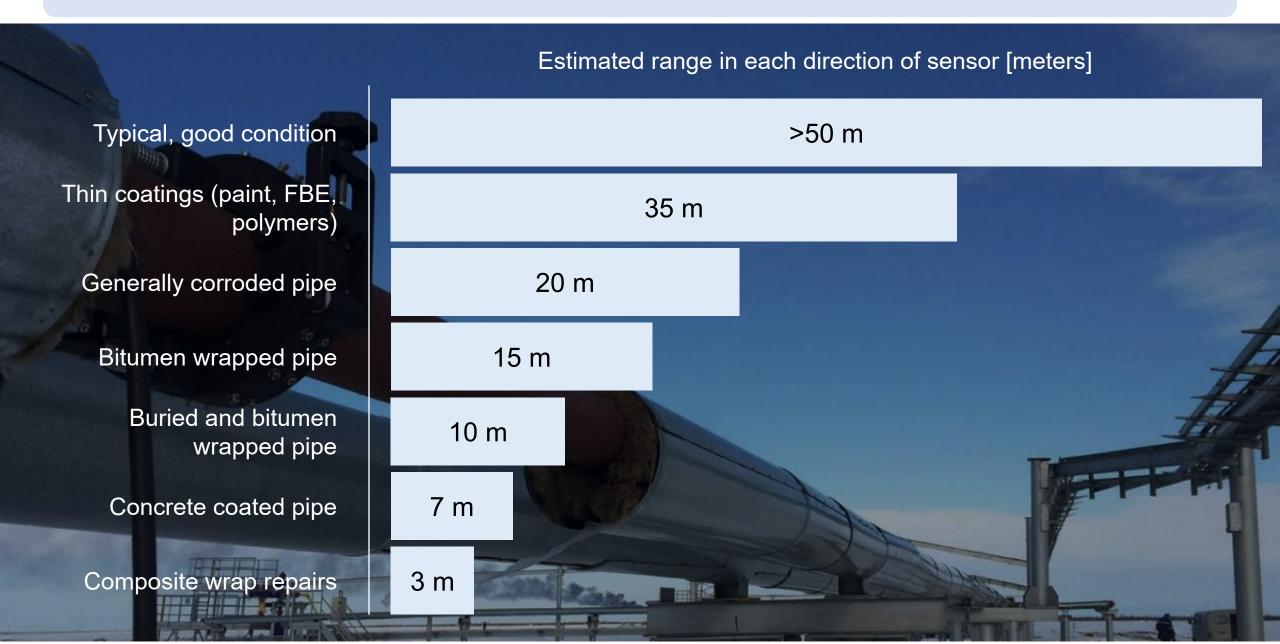
A total of 18 meters of pipe was inspected from a single test location.





Source: TMQC (https://www.linkedin.com/in/ping-hung-robert-lee-4a588021/detail/recent-activity/shares/)

GUL Screening Inspection Range



Inspection Range Reference: ASTM E2775-16



TABLE X1.1 Typical Attenuation Rates and Average Test Range in Each Direction for Different Test Pipe Configurations

Test Condition	Typical Attenuation	Typical Range of Test	
Clean, Straight Pipe	-0.15 to -0.5dB/m	50–200 m	
	(-0.046 to -0.17dB/ft)	(164–656 ft)	
Clean, Wool Insulated	-0.17 to -0.75dB/m	40–175 m	
	(-0.052 to -0.23 dB/ft)	(131-574 ft)	
Insignificant/Minor	-0.5 to -1.5 dB/m	20-50 m	
Corrosion	(-0.152 to -0.457dB/ft)	(65.6-164 ft)	
Significant Corrosion	-1 to -2 dB/m	15–30 m	
	(-0.305 to -0.61dB/ft)	(49.2–98.4 ft)	
Kevlar Wrapped	-0.15 to -1 dB/m	30–200 m	
44	(-0.046 to -0.305dB/ft)	(98.4-656 ft)	
Spun Epoxy Coating	-0.75 to -1 dB/m	30–50 m	
	(-0.23 to -0.305dB/ft)	(98.4-164 ft)	
Well Packed Earth	-1 to -2 dB/m	15–30 m	
	(-0.305 to -0.61dB/ft)	(49.2–98.4 ft)	
Thin (<2.5mm),	-1.25 to -6 dB/m	5–25 m	
Hard Bitumen Tape	(-0.381 to -1.83dB/ft)	(16.4-82 ft)	
Thick (>2.5mm),	-4 to -16 dB/m	2–8 m	
Soft Bitumen Tape	(-1.22 to -4.88dB/ft)	(6.56-26.24 ft)	
Well Bonded	-16 to -32 dB/m	1–2 m	
Concrete Wall	(-4.88 to 9.76dB/ft)	(3.28-6.56 ft)	
Grout Lined Pipe	-1 to -3 dB/m	10–30 m	
	(-0.305 to 0.91dB/ft)	(32.8-98.4 ft)	
Loosely Bonded	-4 to -16 dB/m	2–8 m	
Concrete Wall	(-1.22 to -4.88dB/ft)	(6.56-26.24 ft)	

Transducer rings for a wide range of applications

Inflatable Rings

Compact Rings



EFC Inflatable Rings



HT Inflatable Rings



HD Inflatable Rings



Solid Rings

LITE Solid Rings



HT Solid Rings



HD Solid Rings



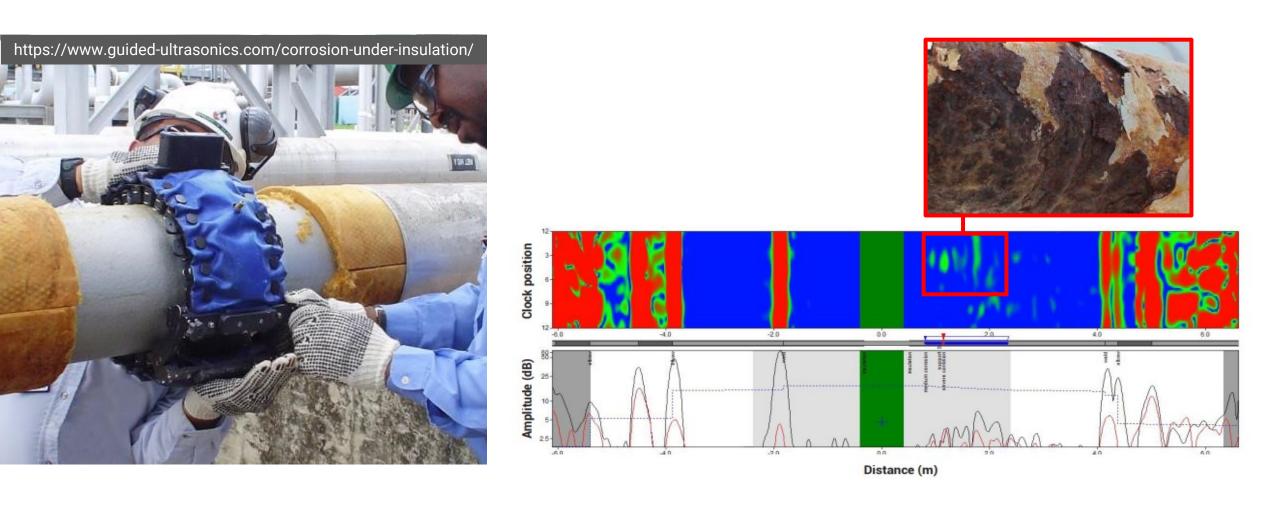
Claw Transducers Claw



Low Profile Rings Low Profile (Slinky) Rings



Case Study: Corrosion Under Insulation

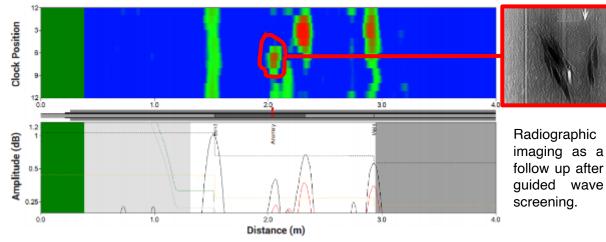


Inspect long insulated pipes for corrosion; only partial removal of insulation.

Case Study: Pipe Erosion at Elbows



Damaged Elbow

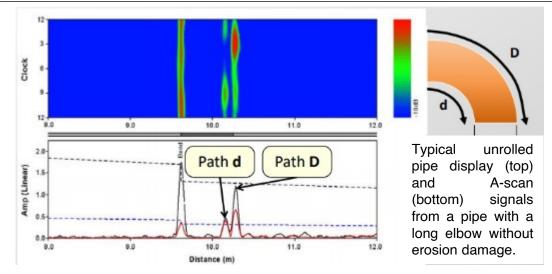


follow up after guided wave

Unrolled pipe display (top) and A-scan (bottom) from guided wave (GW) screening using GUL equipment collected from site; the erosion damage has been labelled by the GW operator at axial distance of approximately 2 meters.

Elbow in typically good

condition



Detect erosion damage

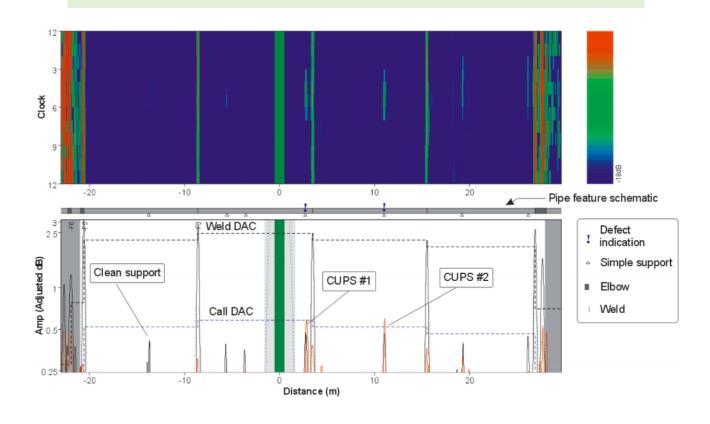
Case Study: CUPS Detection & Sizing

- NPS 10 Jet fuel line with CUPS
- Detection and sizing of CUPS needed

GULSCREENING

Photo of GUL Screening equipment on pipeline.

✓ GUL Screening successfully detected CUPS



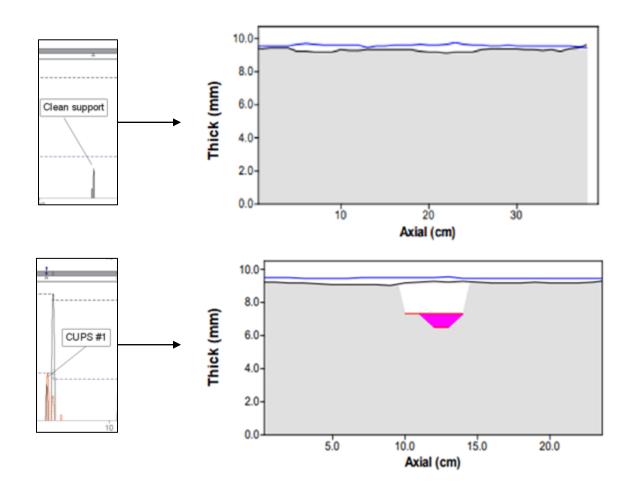
Unrolled pipe display (top) and A-scan (bottom) results.

Case Study: CUPS Detection & Sizing

✓ GUL Scanning successfully size CUPS for FFS assessment.

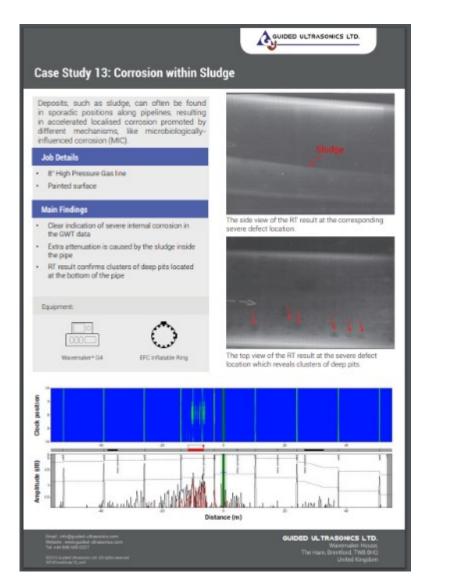


Photo of GUL Scanning equipment on pipeline.



QSR1® measurement data showing the remaining wall thickness at locations labelled as Clean support and at CUPS#1 from GUL Screening results.

Case Study: Pitting corrosion under Sludge



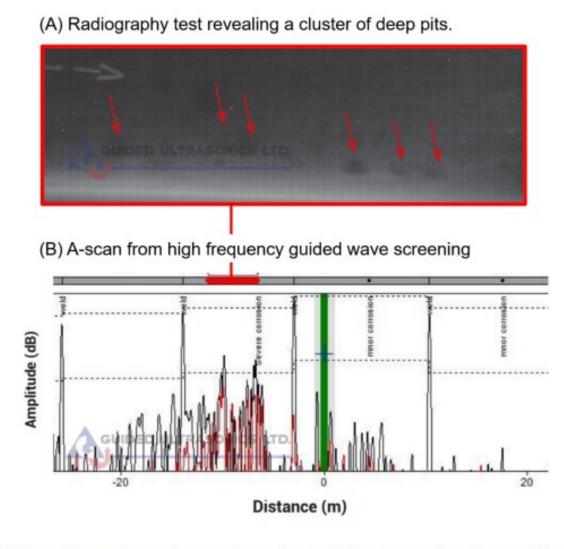
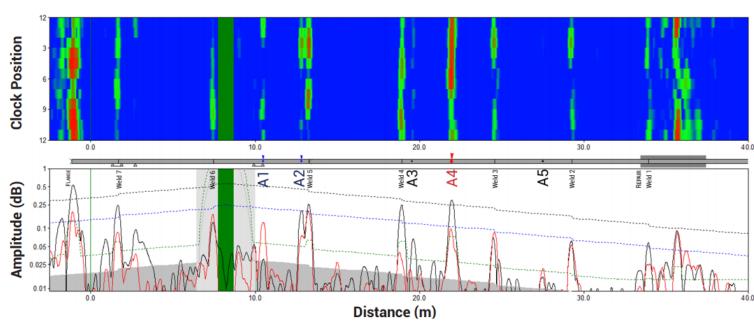


Figure 7: (A) Radiography results revealing a cluster of deep corrosion pits as a follow up from (B) the A-scan results from a high frequency guided wave screening test.

Case Study: Caisson

A total of 40 meters of pipe was inspected.



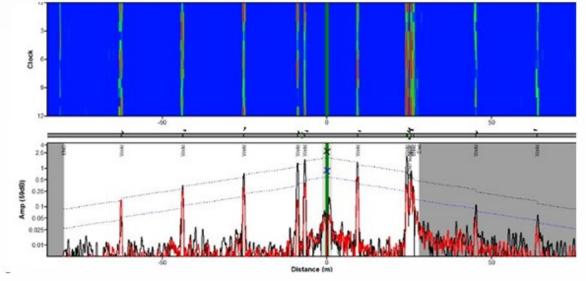
GWT Location [m]	GWT CSA [%]	UT Location [m]	UT CSA [%]	Comments
10.49	8	9.95 - 10.5	13.8	Defect at support.
12.82	10	12.82	7.1	Internal wall loss.
19.54	5	19.58	4.03	Internal wall loss.
21.97	27	21.88	21.88	Primary reason for UT prove-up.
27.50	2.1	27.49	2.15	Sum of multiple defects in close proximity.
	[m] 10.49 12.82 19.54 21.97	[m] [%] 10.49 8 12.82 10 19.54 5 21.97 27	10.49 8 9.95 - 10.5 12.82 10 12.82 19.54 5 19.58 21.97 27 21.88	[m] [%] [m] [%] 10.49 8 9.95 - 10.5 13.8 12.82 10 12.82 7.1 19.54 5 19.58 4.03 21.97 27 21.88 21.88

https://www.guided-ultrasonics.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/2016CaseStudy18 rev0.pdf

Case Study: High temperature pipes

HT transducer rings
measures reliable & accurate
GWT results;
for pipes up to 350°C.

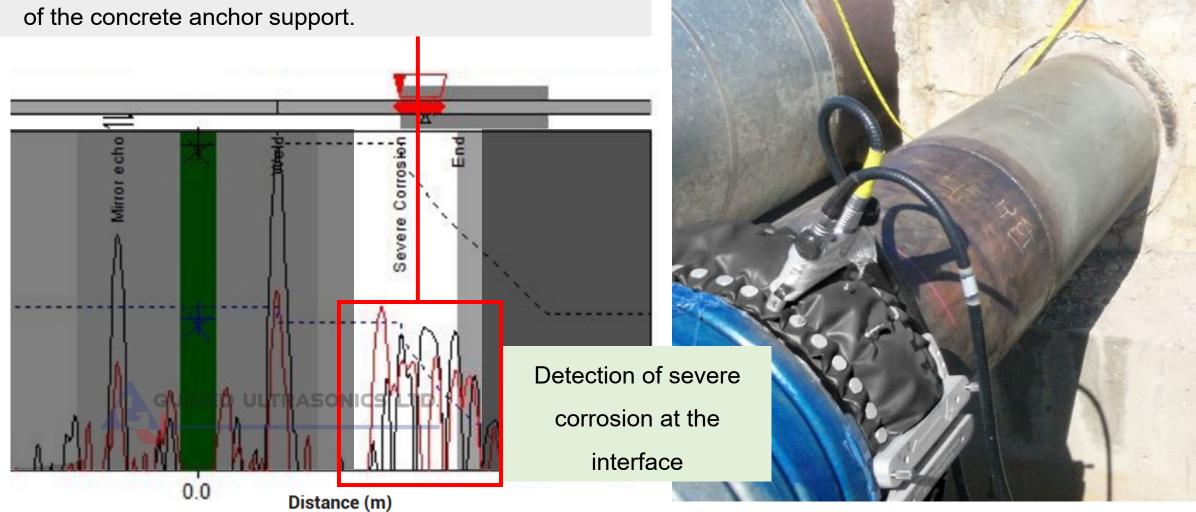




Case Study: Concrete Anchor Support

 Severe corrosion detected at the concrete-air interface of the concrete anchor support.

Amplitude (dB)

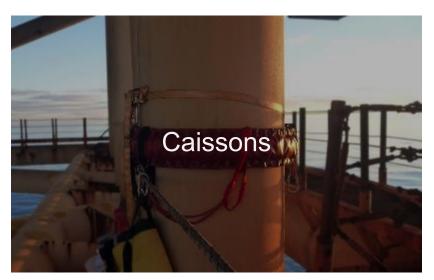


And Many More Applications











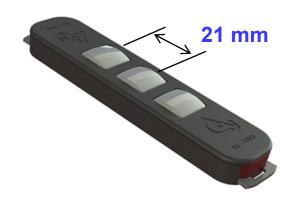


Faster inspection work using Compact[™] ring

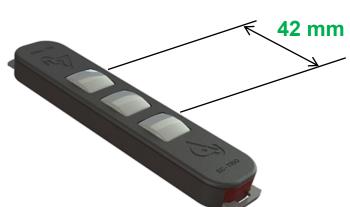
Installing the transducer ring and full data collection as fast as 10 minutes.

Assuming an NPS 8 pipe, 2 minutes to attach & inflate the transducer ring and perform coupling checks, and 5 minutes for notes input and data collection using the default settings.

Fastest way to inspect at ultra wide frequency range



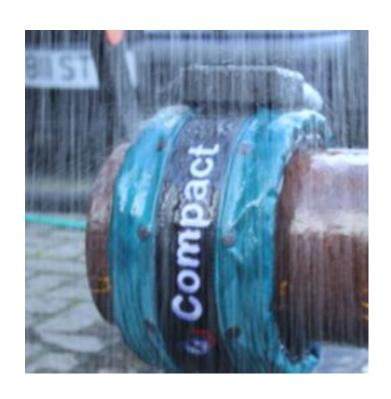






Why is GUL better? (Transducer Ring)

Our transducer rings are **rigorously tested** for **common site conditions**:



Direct Rain



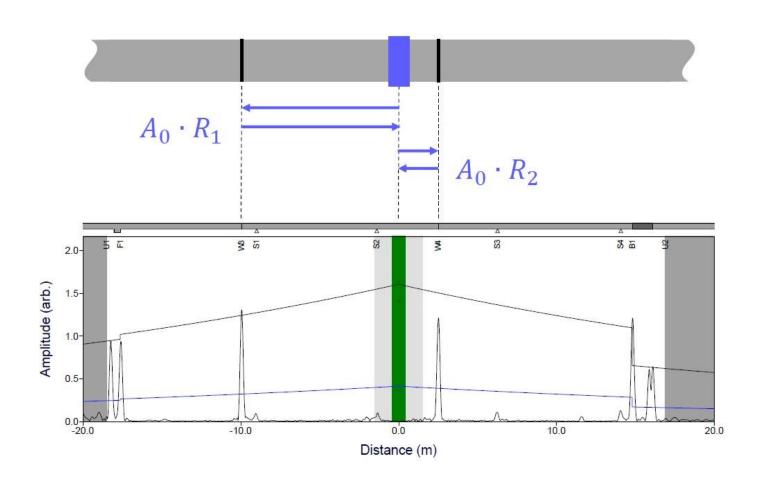
Particulate Ingress



Forced Moisture

What is Absolute Calibration?

A GUL patented method to rapidly & accurately calibrate the DAC curves (Patent US 9927405).



(12) United	States	Patent
Vogt		

(10) Patent No.:

(54) PROCESSING SIGNALS ACQUIRED DURING (56)

(75) Inventor: Thomas Vogt, Richmond (GB) (73) Assignee: GUIDED ULTRASONICS LTD. Nottinghamshire (GB)

Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 521 days.

(21) Appl. No.:

Mar. 25, 2011

§ 371 (c)(1), (2), (4) Date: Mar. 1, 2013

(87) PCT Pub. No.: WO2012/013942 PCT Pub. Date: Feb. 2, 2012

Prior Publication Data

US 2013/0179098 A1 Inl. 11, 2013

Foreign Application Priority Data

Jul. 28, 2010 (GB)

G01N 29/11 (2006.01)

G01N 29/44 (2006.01) (Continued)

G01N 29/44 (2013.01); G01N 29/043 (2013.01); GOIN 29/11 (2013.01);

(58) Field of Classification Search CPC G01N 29/4463; G01N 29/46; G01N 29/48; G01N 29/043; G01N 29/11 See application file for complete search history.

US 9,927,405 B2 (45) Date of Patent: Mar. 27, 2018

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

6,092,420 A 7/2000 Kimura et al. 6,624,628 B1* 9/2003 Kwun

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

(Continued)

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

International Search Report and Written Opinion from International application No. PCT/GB11/050614, dated May 5, 2011.

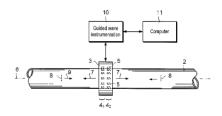
(Continued)

Primary Examiner - Toan Le (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm - Stroock & Stroock &

ABSTRACT

Processing signals acquired during guided wave testing A method of processing signals acquired during guided wave testing of an elongate member (2), such as a pipe, in which at least one guided wave (7) is generated in the elongate member, the at least one guided wave is reflected by reflectors (8) in the elongate member and reflected guided waves (9) are detected. The method comprises determining at least one reflection coefficient or a parameter for calibrating a guide wave test in dependence upon reflections from the reflectors which include at least one multiple reflection. The reflections may include a single reflection from a first reflector, a single reflection from a second reflector and a multiple reflection from the first and second reflectors

22 Claims, 8 Drawing Sheets



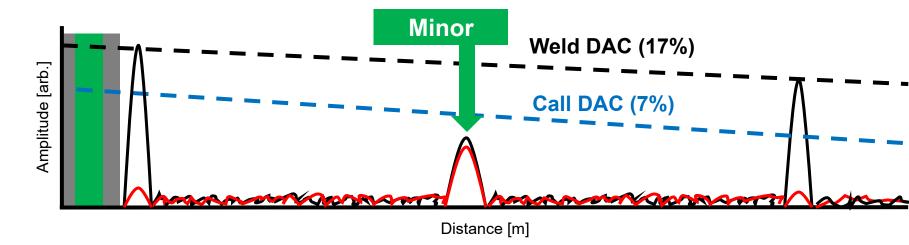
With Absolute Calibration...

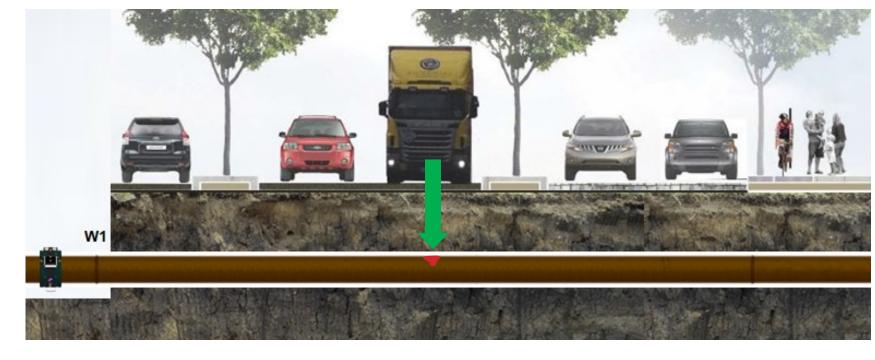
With AbsCal

WavePro calculates the true weld DAC to be **17% CSC**.

The detected indication is correctly classified as a Minor.

Frequent GWT inspection performed to estimate defect growth rate.





With Simulated Reverberation

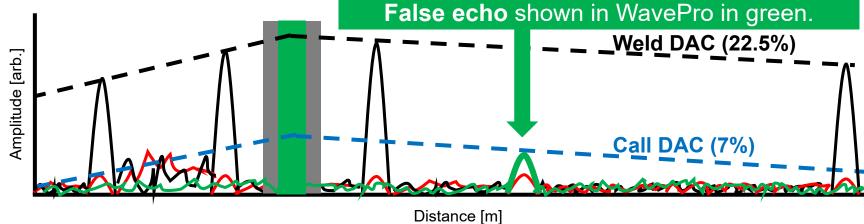
With SimRev

The inspector is having a bad day and missed a false echo.

He uses **Simulated Reverberation feature**in WavePro software.

The software identifies reverb false echo in green. No false calls were then made.





Codes & Standards

BS 9690:2011

Non-destructive testing – Guided Wave Testing

ASTM: E2775 -2011

Standard Practice for Guided Wave Testing of Above Ground Steel Pipework Using Piezoelectric Effect Transduction

ISO/DIS 18211.2

Non-destructive testing – Long range inspection above ground pipelines and plant piping using guided wave testing with axial propagation

ASME: Article 18

Guided Wave Testing Method for Basic Piping



Non-destructive testing – Guided wave testing

Part 1: General guidance and principles



...making excellence a habit."

Track Record – GUL Screening

Client	Location	Industry	Description	Year
SGS	Peru	Inspection	EFC Rings	2020
Acuren Inspection	USA	Inspection	Wavemaker G4mini, EFC Rings	2020
PetroChina	China	Oil Company	Wavemaker G4mini	2019
Arise Global	Egypt	Inspection	Wavemaker G4mini, EFC Rings	2019
Iris NDT	USA	Inspection	Upgrade from G3 to G4mini	2019
Stork	Kuwait	Inspection	Wavemaker G4mini, EFC Rings	2019
Oceaneering	Algeria	Inspection	Wavemaker G4mini, Compact Rings	2019
Stanley	South Africa	Heavy Machinery	Wavemaker G4mini, EFC Rings	2019
Mistras	Netherlands	Inspection	Wavemaker G4mini, Compact Rings	2019
POSCO	Korea	Steel	Wavemaker G4mini, Compact Rings	2019
SINOPEC	China	Oil Company	gPIMS	2019

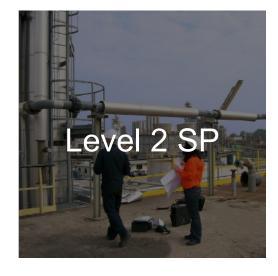
and many more...

GUL Training Courses

Courses









Applications

Description

Course Content

Straight Pipes

Suitable for NDT inspectors new to the field of guided wave testing (GWT)

- Level 1 Guided Wave theory
- Introduction to Wavemaker system
- Introduction to WavePro[™] software
- Selection of test parameters
- Basic Data Interpretation
- Basic Reporting

Road Crossing & Buried Pipes

Advanced application specific training course for the inspection of road crossings and buried pipes.

- Advanced Data Interpretation
- Advanced Data Collection Protocols
- GWT of Buried Pipes
- GWT of Pipes under Road Crossings
- Pitch & Catch Configuration
- Combining Transducer Rings

Supports & Process Pipes

Advanced application specific training course for the inspection of supports and processing pipework

- Advanced Equipment Configuration
- Advanced Data Collection
- Advanced Calibration
- Inspection of Supports
- Inspection of Welds & Pipe Fittings
- Detailed review of Level 1 work

Pipeline Monitoring

Advanced application specific training course for the installation of the gPIMS® corrosion monitoring system.

- Introduction gPIMS®
- Guided Wave Monitoring
- Installation of gPIMS®
- Practical Session

For more information:

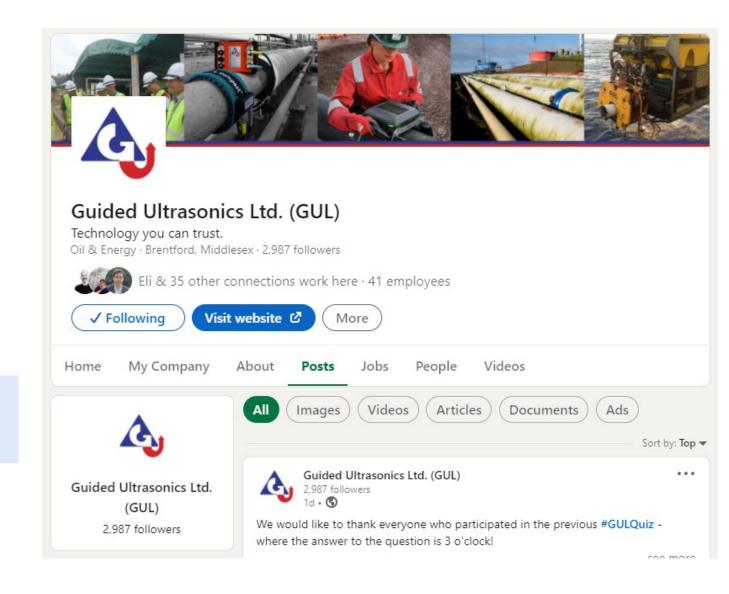
http://www.guided-ultrasonics.com/training/

LinkedIn



Follow us on LinkedIn:

https://www.linkedin.com/company/guided-ultrasonics

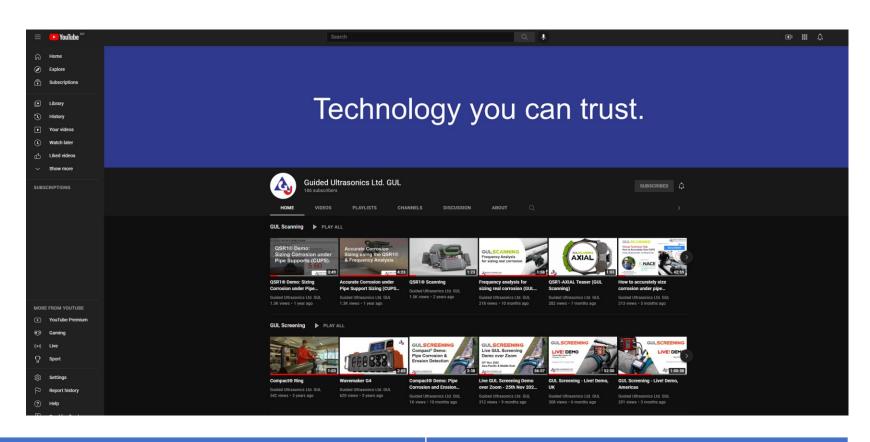


GUL Screening Videos (YouTube)



Subscribe to channel:

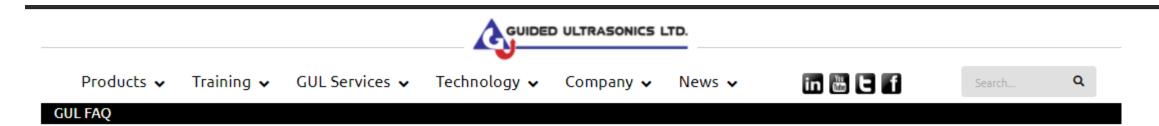
https://www.youtube.com/channel/U CGT2S7kF5kHONCuwHLtthkA



	Demo Videos	URL
1	GUL Screening - Compact Ring Demo	https://youtu.be/FJcMACGDpWc
2	GUL Scanning - QSR1 Demo	https://youtu.be/T9B1Lh7eBgA

Screening FAQ Page

https://www.guided-ultrasonics.com/inspection/screening/faq/



Frequently Asked Questions

Welcome to our Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) page. Here you will find answers to the questions we get asked the most about GUL technology. If you have a question that is not addressed here, please let us know using our Contact Form.



